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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/895,886	06/29/2001	Michael Joseph Calderaro	AUS9-2001-0236-US1	7083
40412	7590 10/31/200		EXAMINER	
	ORATION- AUST EUWEN & VAN LE	HARBECK, TIMOTHY M		
PO BOX 906		OWEN	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
AUSTIN, T	78709-0609		3628	

DATE MAILED: 10/31/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Action Summer	09/895,886 <sup>°</sup>	CALDERARO ET AL.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	Timothy M. Harbeck	3628			
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the c	correspondence address			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL' WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING D.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period or - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tir will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from , cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status					
1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 29 Ju	<u>ıne 2001</u> .	·			
	action is non-final.				
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
closed in accordance with the practice under E	x parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 4	53 O.G. 213.			
Disposition of Claims					
4) Claim(s) 1-20 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdray. 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-20 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	wn from consideration.				
Application Papers					
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.  10) The drawing(s) filed on 29 June 2001 is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.  Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).  Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).					
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	aminer. Note the attached Office	Action or form PTO-152.			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	s have been received. s have been received in Applicati rity documents have been receive u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	ion No ed in this National Stage			
	•				
Attachment(s)		•			
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)					
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 6/29/2001, 3/09/64, 6/08/64, 7/09	65 6) Other:	ate Patent Application (PTO-152)			
U.S. Patent and Trademark Office 6/0\/05, 8/6\/105, 8/ PTOL/326 (Rev. 7-05) Office Ac	tion Summary Pa	art of Paper No./Mail Date 10192005			

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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

Claims 1-4, 7-11, 14-17 and 20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Paizis (US Pat 6,338,042 B1).

Re Claim 1: Paizis discloses a method and apparatus for integrating competency measures in compensation decisions comprising

- Receiving planning factor data from a user, the planning factor data
   (employee data from performance evaluations including competency and contributions) corresponding to one or more employees and the planning factor data including compensation planning data (Figures 5A, 5B and 5C, Column 5, lines 34-48);
- Storing the planning factor data in employee profile data areas (Ref 502),
   wherein each employee profile data area corresponds to one of the
   employees (Figures 5A, 5B and 5C);
- Retrieving actual employment data for each of the employees, the actual employment data (current salary and names of employees) including

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employee contribution data and actual compensation (Ref 502; Column 9, lines 17-25) and

 Analyzing the compensation planning data corresponding to one or more employees using the contribution data corresponding to one or more employees (Column 9, lines 53-62 and Column 10, lines 15-30)

## Re Claim 2: Paizis further discloses the method of

- Identifying high contributing employees by analyzing employee
   performance data included in an employee profile data area
   corresponding to each employee (Ref 524, Column 9 lines 57-60)
- Determining whether the planning data corresponding to the high contributing employees is accurate (Column 9 line 63- Column 10 line 3);
- Revising the planning data in response to the determination (Column 9 line 63-Column 10 line 3; "revised rankings")

# Re Claim 3: Paizis further discloses the method of

- Identifying an employee classification corresponding to one of the employees (Column 6 line 57- Column 7 line 8 and Column 10, lines 8-10)
- Retrieving benchmark compensation data from a nonvolatile storage device corresponding to the identified employee classification (See Column 10, lines 8-10 and Column 6, lines 48-56 and Ref 110)
- Comparing the retrieved benchmark compensation with actual compensation data corresponding to the employee (Column 7 line 9-15 and Column 10, lines 15-30 and lines 64-67)

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**Re Claim 4**: Paizis further discloses the method wherein the benchmark compensation data is selected from a group consisting of regional compensation data and organizational compensation data (See Column 10, lines 8-10 and 64-67 and Column 6, lines 48-56).

Re Claim 7: Paizis further discloses the method wherein the compensation planning data includes one or more from the group consisting of a salary amount, a stock option amount, and an award amount (Column 5, lines 34-37)

Re Claims 8-11: Further information handling system would have been obvious to perform previously rejected method claims 1-4 respectively and are therefore rejected using the same art and rationale.

Re Claims 14-17 and 20: Further computer program product would have been obvious to perform previously rejected method claims 1-4 and 7 respectively and are therefore rejected using the same art and rationale.

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 5-6, 12-13 and 18-19 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Paizis.

Re Claim 5: Paizis discloses the claimed method 1 and while not explicitly disclosing the method comprising selecting a group of employees; calculating an

aggregate compensation for the group; retrieving budget data corresponding to the group and determining a variance between the aggregate compensation and the budget data, these steps could easily be performed using the current system and furthermore would have been obvious to anyone skilled in the ordinary art at the time of invention. Figures 5B and 5C clearly show the compensation for a group of individuals. Individual entries could be grouped together and aggregated for a variety of reason, most notably to determine the overall salary compensation for a particular unit or for a particular project. One would simply select all the individuals in that unit or project and add their compensations together.

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Comparing the budget data (Ref 414) corresponding to the group to the aggregate compensation would also be obvious to any competent business manager so they can determine if a particular project is operating efficiently. If for instance the aggregate compensation for the employees assigned to a project exceeds the budget allotted for that project the employer would want to know this information in order to make adjustments (i.e. move individuals from this project to a different one or reprimand workers for not meeting expectations). At the same time if the project is going well and is under budget the manager may recommend increased compensation to the employees for their superior work.

Re Claim 6: Paizis further discloses the step of selecting one of the employees from a group (Ref 402) and revising compensation data corresponding to the selected (Column 10 lines 15-30) but does not explicitly disclose the steps of calculating a second aggregate compensation for the group and determining a second variance

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between the second aggregate compensation and the budget data, however as previously noted in the rejection of claim 5 above, these steps would have been obvious to any business manager. Figure 5C of Paizis shows the revised compensation data (Ref 548) and aggregating this information would be a simple calculation. Furthermore the manager would want to compare the new compensation information to the current budget so that future plans relating to expenditures can be made. If the compensation information is not updated correctly then all of the budget information will be invalid which would adversely affect future decisions regarding the project.

Re Claims 12 and 13: Further information handling system would have been obvious to perform previously rejected method claims 5 and 6 respectively and are therefore rejected using the same art and rationale.

Re Claims 18 and 19: Further computer program product would have been obvious to perform previously rejected method claims 5 and 6 respectively and are therefore rejected using the same art and rationale.

#### Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Timothy M. Harbeck whose telephone number is 571-272-8123. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 8:30-5:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Hyung S. Sough can be reached on 571-272-6799. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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